

## Safety data sheet in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

### 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### Use of the substance/preparation

Surface treatment of wood and other materials

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Producer

Treatex Ltd, Unit I, Howland Road Business Park,  
Howland Road, Thame, Oxfordshire,  
OX9 3GQ

Telephone no. +44 (0) 1844 260416

Fax no. +44 (0) 1844 358160

E-mail address info@treatex.co.uk

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+49 (0) 30 30686700

### 2. Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Reference to other sections 2.2. Label elements

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### Labelling in accordance with EC directives 1999/45/EC and 67/548/EEC

##### Hazard symbols



Irritant

##### R phrases

10	Flammable.
43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

##### S phrases

2	Keep out of the reach of children.
24	Avoid contact with skin.
37	Wear suitable gloves.
46	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

##### Hazardous component(s) to be indicated on label

fatty acids, tall-oil, cobalt salts

##### Sensitising substances

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This

**Safety data sheet in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1907/2006**

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

**3. Composition/information on ingredients \*\*\*****Hazardous ingredients \*\*\*****naphtha hydrodesulfurized heavy**

CAS no.	64742-48-9				
EINECS no.	265-150-3				
Concentration	>=	25	<	50	%
Classification	R67				
	R66				
	Xn, R65				

Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)

Asp. Tox. 1	H304
	EUH066

**hydrocarbons, isoparaffinic**

CAS no.	93685-81-5				
EINECS no.	297-629-8				
Concentration	>=	1	<	10	%
Classification	R10				
	Xn, R65				

Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)

Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Asp. Tox. 1	H304

**Hydrocarbons, isoparaffinic**

CAS no.	90622-57-4				
EINECS no.	292-459-0				
Concentration	>=	1	<	10	%
Classification	R53				
	R66				
	Xn, R65				

Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)

Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Aquatic Chronic 4	H413
	EUH066

**2-ethylhexanoic acid zirconium salt**

CAS no.	22464-99-9				
EINECS no.	245-018-1				
Concentration	>=	1	<	10	%
Classification	Xi, R38				

**Alkanes, C11-15-iso-**

CAS no.	90622-58-5				
EINECS no.	918-167-1				
Registration no.	01-2119472146-39				
Concentration	>=	1	<	10	%
Classification	Xn, R65				

## Safety data sheet in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

R66  
R53

Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008)

Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Aquatic Chronic 3	H413
	EUH066

### fatty acids, tall-oil, cobalt salts

CAS no. 61789-52-4

EINECS no. 263-065-6

Concentration >= 1 < 10 %

Classification Xi, R38

Xn, R22

N, R51/53

R43

This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

## 4. First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General information

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. First aider needs to protect himself. Move out of dangerous area.

#### After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. Keep patient warm and at rest. Consult a physician for severe cases.

#### After skin contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

#### After eye contact

In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

#### After ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Consult a physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. High concentration of vapours may cause irritation to eyes and respiratory system and produce narcotic effects. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Hints for the physician / treatment

Treat symptomatically.

## 5. Firefighting measures

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### Non Suitable extinguishing media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighting

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

### Other information

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Standard procedure for chemical fires.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration. Contact the proper local authorities.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly while observing environmental regulations. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

## 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wear shoes with conductive soles. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Standard procedure for chemical fires. Do not process in the same cabin together with highly flammable material (e.g. CN lacquer) => fire hazard through self ignition! Cleaning cloth soaked with the

## Safety data sheet in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

product can self ignite during packing up, therefore dry the cloth on a line or through spreading and dispose of after dry up.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep in an area equipped with solvent resistant flooring. Store at room temperature in the original container. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### Hints on storage assembly

Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials.

#### Storage class according to the Occupation Safety Ordinance:

Flammable.

#### Further information on storage conditions

Protect from frost, heat and sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Exposure controls

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit. Recommended Filter type: Combination filter: A2-P2 (EN 141, 143, 371)

#### Hand protection

Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Glove material

Multilayer gloves made from

Appropriate Material Fluorinated rubber / butyl-rubber

This recommendation is only valid for the product mentioned in the safety data sheet and provided by us and for the application specified by us.

The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

#### Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

#### Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Form</b>	liquid
<b>Colour</b>	colourless
<b>Odour</b>	characteristic

## Safety data sheet in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

### Boiling point

Value 173 to 217 °C

### Flash point

Value 36 to 55 °C

### Explosion limits

Remarks no data available

### Density

Value 0,92 to 0,92 g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Temperature 20 °C

### Solubility in water

Remarks immiscible

### Ignition temperature

Remarks no data available

### Efflux time

Value 50 to 62 s  
Temperature 20 °C  
method DIN 53211 - 4 mm

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No conditions to be specially mentioned.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>), dense black smoke. No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Other information

No data is available on the product itself.

## 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

#### General information

No data is available on the product itself.

## Safety data sheet in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### General information

No data is available on the product itself.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### General information

No data is available on the product itself.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

#### General information

No data is available on the product itself.

#### Mobility

no data available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### General information

not applicable

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

#### General information

No data is available on the product itself.

#### General information / ecology

No data is available on the product itself.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Disposal recommendations for the product

EWC waste code 080111 - waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

EWC waste code 200127 - paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.

Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

#### modified product

EWC waste code 080113 - sludges from paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

EWC waste code 080115 - aqueous sludges containing paint or varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

#### Dried residues

EWC waste code 080112 - waste lacquers and waste paint except those falling under 080111

#### Disposal recommendations for packaging

EWC waste code 150110 - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

Empty remaining contents.

Empty containers should be taken to local recyclers for disposal.

## 14. Transport information

**Safety data sheet in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1907/2006**

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

**Land transport ADR/RID**

**14.1. UN number**

UN 1263

**14.2. UN proper shipping name**

PAINT

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

Class 3

Label 3

**14.4. Packing group**

Packing group III

Special provision 640E

Limited Quantity LQ7

**Marine transport IMDG/GGVSee**

**14.1. UN number**

UN 1263

**14.2. UN proper shipping name**

PAINT

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

Class 3

**14.4. Packing group**

Packing group III

**14.5. Environmental hazards**

no

**Air transport ICAO/IATA**

**14.1. UN number**

UN 1263

**14.2. UN proper shipping name**

PAINT

**14.3. Transport hazard class(es)**

Class 3

**14.4. Packing group**

Packing group III

**15. Regulatory information**

**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**VOC**

VOC (EU) 48,63 %

**16. Other information**

**R-phrases listed in chapter 3**

10	Flammable.
22	Harmful if swallowed.
38	Irritating to skin.
43	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
53	May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.



## Safety data sheet in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

67

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### Hazard statements listed in chapter 3

EUH066

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H413

May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

### Abbreviations

Flam. Liq - Flammable liquids

ACUTE TOX. Acute toxicity

EYE IRRIT. - Serious eye damage/eye irritation

MUTA. - Germ cell mutagenicity

ASP. TOX. - Aspiration hazard

CARC. - Carcinogenicity

REPR. - Reproductive toxicity

SKIN CORR. - Skin corrosion

SKIN IRRIT. - Skin irritation

EYE DAM. - Serious eye damage

EYE IRRIT. - Eye irritation

RESP. SENS. / SKIN SENS. - Respiratory/skin sensitisation

AQUATIC CHRONIC/AQUATIC ACUTE - Hazardous to the aquatic environment

STOT SE. - Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT RE. - Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

EXPL. - Explosives

FLAM. GAS - Flammable gases

FLAM. AEROSOL - Flammable aerosols

OX. GAS - Oxidising gases

PRESS. GAS - Gases under pressure

FLAM. LIQ. - Flammable liquids

FLAM. SOL. - Flammable solids

SELF-REACT Self-reactive substances and mixtures

PYR. LIQ. - Pyrophoric liquids

PYR. SOL. - Pyrophoric solids

SELF-HEAT - Self-heating substance and mixtures

WATER-REACT. . Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases

OX. LIQ. - Oxidizing liquids

OX. SOL. - Oxidizing solids

ORG. PEROX. - Organic peroxides

MET. CORR. - Corrosive to metals

ADR - Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID - Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IMDG - International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA - International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR - Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO-TI - Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

GefStoffV - Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany)

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin (\*\*\*). This version replaces all previous versions.

This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product

**Safety data sheet in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1907/2006**

Trade name: Treatex Hardwax Oil Traditional Clear Matt 1100

Version: 2 / GB

Date created/revised: 24.06.16

Replaces Version: 1 / GB

Date of printing: 15.07.11

information or product specification.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification.

The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

The information contained herein is based on the present state of our knowledge and does therefore not guarantee certain properties.